

HILLSBORO ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CM 0003

213 S.E. 5th Ave. HILLSBORD, OR \$7123 NFPA 704 RATING Product Name: ABS PIPE PRIMER Manufacturing Facility, Company, or Subsidiary: Several Facilities FIRE Address: 1001 Grove Street, Middletown, Ohio 45044 EA Phone (during normal business hours): 513/425-2178 3 Ē C Date of Preparation: October 1, 1985 SSF Revised 7/1/89 WHL AL 2 SECTION I -- COMPONENT DATA: C.A.S. Number % Wt. **Chemical Components** 100 Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) 78-93-3 SPECIAL SECTION II - PHYSICAL DATA: Vapor Pressure (mmHg @ 20° C): 71.2 mm Bolling Point (°F): 175°F Vapor Density (Air = 1): 2.5Solubility in Water: 26 wt % Specific Gravity $(H_2O = 1)$: 0.806 Percent Volatile By Volume: 100% pH Information: N/A Evaporative Rate (Ethyl Ether = 1): 5.7 Appearance and Odor: Colorless liquid, acetone-like odor SECTION III — FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA: Flash Point (°F): 20°F Method Used: T.C.C. **UEL: 10.0%** Flammability Limits (%/Vol): LEL: 1.8% Extinguishing Media: Alcohol foam, CO2, dry chemical Auto-Ignition Temperature (°F): 960° Special Fire-Fighting Instructions: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when fighting fire. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapor may travel along ground to an ignition source. SECTION IV — REACTIVITY DATA: Stability (conditions to avoid): Stable. Avoid any source of ignition. Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Strong oxidizers, such as chlorine, permanganates and dichromates. azardous Decomposition Products: CO, CO2, unknown hydrocarbons. Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur. SECTION V — HEALTH HAZARD DATA: Primary Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact. Effects of Exposure: Inhalation: MEK vapor may cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and mucous membranes. May cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, numbness in fingers, arms, and legs; vomiting; and unconsciousness. Long-term overexposure symptoms may include certain nervous disorders characterized by weakness, fatigue, heaviness in chest and numbress of hands and feet. These symptoms may develop after one year of exposure to vapor concentrations of 50-200 ppm. Skin Contact: Contact with MEK liquid or MEK vapors at concentrations of 300-600 ppm may cause dryness, dermatitis, and severe irritation. Liquid is readily absorbed and may cause numbing of fingers and arms. Eve Contact: MEK vapor may cause irritation at 200 ppm. MEK liquid may cause redness and irritation. Ingestion: MEK liquid may cause irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach, the severity of which will be dependent upon the amount swallowed. Symptoms of poisoning may include nausea, vomiting, stomach pain and diarrhea. Death can occur from Ingestion of as little as 1 ounce. Medical Conditions Known to be Aggravated by Exposure to this Material: Persons with lung disorders or diseases or skin disorders may be at an added risk as a result of overexposure to this material. Exposure Limits: NTP IARC Chemical **OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV** Listed Components Listed (mg/m³) (mg/m³) Methyl Ethyl Ketone* 590-TWA, 885-STEL 590-TWA, 885-STEL No No

*On Toxic Chemical list (Section 313 SARA)

SECTION VI - EMERGENCY & FIRST-AID PROCEDURES:

inhalation: In case of overexposure, immediately move person from contaminated area to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped, or oxygen, if necessary. Seek medical attention, if necessary.

Skin: If irritation develops, remove contaminated clothing immediately, and wash contaminated skin with soap or mild detergent and water for five minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately wash eyes with large amounts of water for fifteen minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Seek medical attention, if necessary.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention, if necessary.

SECTION VII — SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION:

Ventilation: Ventilation, as described in the *Industrial Ventilation Manual* produced by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, shall be provided in areas where exposures are above the permissible exposure limits or threshold limit values specified by OSHA or other local, state, and federal regulations.

Respiratory Protection: A properly fitted, NIOSH-approved, respirator with organic vapor chemical cartridge should be worn whenever airborne concentrations exceed the threshold limit value (TLV) or other recommended limits, in accordance with the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

Protective Clothing: Impervious protective clothing, such as rubber gloves, apron, and boots, should be worn if direct contact is likely.

Eye Protection: Chemical-type goggles should be worn whenever splashing, spraying, or other eye contact is likely.

SECTION VIII - SPILL, LEAK & DISPOSAL PROCEDURES:

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Action to Take for Spills (use appropriate safety equipment): Eliminate ignition sources, flames, pilot lights, and electrical sparks. Provide ventilation. Prevent liquid from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas. Contain spilled liquid with vermiculite, sand, earth, or any other absorbent. Scoop up and store in a suitable container.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose in accordance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), state and local regulations.

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Hazardous Material Proper Shipping Name: M	Nethyl Ethyl Ketone	22
Hazard Class: Flammable Liquid	Aethyl Ethyl Ketone	± [
Identification Number: UN 1193		-22
EPA Hazardous Waste Number: U159		
Additional Information: None		20

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